



2012 TENANT STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION AWARENESS TRAINING

MĀLAMA I KA WAI – PROTECT OUR WATER

Introduction

- □ Hawaii Department of Transportation Harbors Division
 - Randy Grune Deputy Director
 - □ Carter Luke PE Engineering Program Manager
 - Randal Leong PE Environmental Engineer
 - □ Jim Galariada CSP Environmental Health Specialist
 - Joy Zhang Environmental Health Specialist
- □ Weston Solutions, Inc.
 - Mark Ambler PE, PMP
 - Joe Weidenbach
 - Anthony Rodriguez
- □ Hawaii Department of Health
 - Matthew Kurano



2012 TENANT ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER OF THE YEAR



for Exemplary Management of a Tenant Stormwater Program Focused on Directing Meaningful Change



Did the tenant manager or representative attend the stormwater training?



Did the tenant manager respond promptly to all communication when required?



Did the tenant manager or representative respond quickly to identified deficiencies from the inspection report?



Did deficiencies return upon follow up inspection?



Did the tenant manager or representative implement additional BMPs above and beyond what was required?



Did the tenant manager or representative have all the necessary permits onsite for review during the inspection and were they current?



Was the tenant manager or representative easy to work with and courteous during the inspections?



Does the tenant manager or representative have sufficient influence and budget to implement changes?



Does the tenant environmental manager or representative provide Storm Water Awareness or Environmental Training for all employees (i.e. Review TSI BMP Fliers)?



Has the tenant manager or representative taken steps to reduce the environmental risk of the activities of the company?



2012 TENANT ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER OF THE YEAR



for Exemplary Management of a Tenant Stormwater Program Focused on Directing Meaningful Change

Steve Hinton

For management of Marisco, Ltd.

AGENDA

- Regulatory Background
- Harbors (Small MS4) General Permit Requirements
 - Public Education
 - Public Participation
 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE) Program
 - Construction Site Run-Off Control
 - Post Construction Control
- □ Video Presentation (14 mins) "A Grate Concern"
- Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping
- □ Facility Inspections
- Enforcement Response Program
- Contact Information
- Questions and Answers

FEDERAL REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- □ Clean Water Act (40 CFR 100-149)
 - 1972 Clean Water Act— Swimmable, Fishable
 - 1987 Amendements NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) regulations
- □ NPDES Environmental Protection Agency Regulatory Authority
 - Phase I issued in 1990 Individual Permit
 - Industrial Facilities (PENDING MODIFICATION AND RENEWAL)
 - Construction Sites > 5 acres (PENDING MODIFICATION AND RENEWAL)
 - Medium and Large Municiple Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4)
 - Phase II issued in 1999 General Permit
 - Small MS4
 - Construction Sites > 1 acre, < 5 acres (PENDING MODIFICATION AND RENEWAL)
- MS4 conveyance that is owned by a state, city, town, village, or other public entity that discharges to waters of the U.S.; designed or used to collect or convey stormwater; and not combined with sewer.

Hawaii Regulatory Background

- NPDES regulatory authority is administered by Hawaii
 Department of Health
- □ Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR)
 - □ Title 11Chapter 55 (11-55)
 - Water Pollution Control
 - Appendix K
 - NPDES General Permit Authorizing Discharges of Storm Water and Certain Non-Storm Discharges from Small MS4s
- Harbors Division Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC)
 - HI 03KB482 Honolulu Harbor Permit
 - HI 03KB488 Kalaeloa Barbers Point Harbor Permit

RECENT PROGRAM HISTORY

- □ HDOT Harbors General Permit May 19, 2003
- □ EPA Audit − December 2008
- □ Finding of Violation June 18, 2009
- □ Tenant Inspections 2009 (44)
- □ Inspection Reports 2010
- □ Stormwater Management Plan Revision Dec 2009
- □ Tenant Inspections 2010 (AII)
- □ Deficiency Letters 2011
- Tenant Inspections 2011 (AII)
- □ Deficiency Letters and Eviction Notices 2012
- □ EPA Audit May 2012

GENERAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

Minimum Control Measures

Each Mininum Control Measure Requires:

- Written Plan SWMP
- BMP Inplementation
- Training
- Reporting
- Enforcement

- □ Public Education & Outreach
- □ Public Participation & Involvement
- Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination
- □ Construction Site Runoff Control
- □ Post-Construction Runoff Control
- Pollution Prevention & Good Housekeeping

General Permit Allowable Discharges*

- Water Line Flushing
- Landscape Irrigation
- Diverted Stream Flows
- Rising Ground Water
- Uncontaminated Ground Water Infiltration
- Uncontaminated Pumped Ground Water
- Discharges from Potable Water Sources
- Air Conditioning Condensate
- Crawl Space Pumps and Footing Drains
- Dechlorinated Swimming Pool Water
- Discharges from Fire Fighting Activities

^{*} Unless discharges "Cause or contribute to water quality objective exceedances."

ILLICIT DISCHARGE DEFINITION

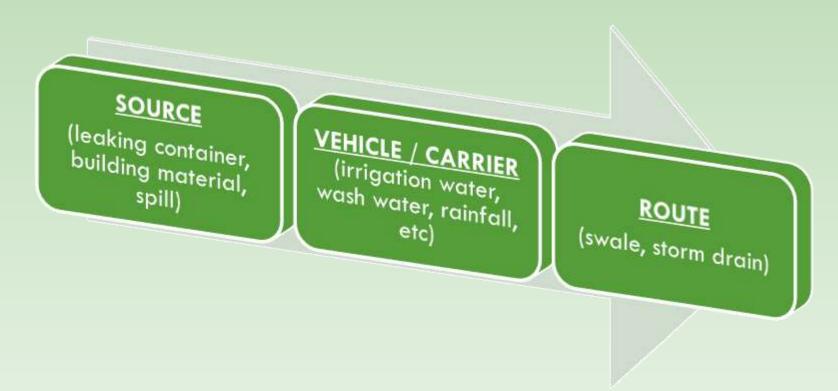
A Non-Stormwater Discharge (NSWD) is defined generally as a discharge that is not composed entirely of stormwater, whereas an illicit discharge is a NSWD that poses a risk to the environment.

Common sources of illicit discharges:

- 1. Wash water from operations such as fleet car washings
- 2. Floor washing to shop drains discharging to stormwater
- 3. Spraying down dirt off of driveways
- 4. Pumping out accumulated rain water that has sheen on it into storm drain
- 5. Liquid wastes containing oil or paint that have leaked onto a drainage path
- 6. Trash dumped into the storm drain

UNDERSTANDING POLLUTANT TRANSPORT AND MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Understanding the source, vehicle, and route of storm drain pollution is key to cost effectively managing facilities and discharges.



STORM WATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

What Are They?

Administrative and structural controls are utilized to

- · remove,
- · contain, or
- treat pollutants

through

- Source removal,
- Preventative containment, and
- Capture/treatment methods.

- Administrative Controls
 - Laws and ordinances
 - Leases and tenant agreements
 - Inspections
 - Housekeeping
 - Material Handling and Storage Practices
 - Maintenance Schedules
- □ Structural Controls
 - Secondary Containment
 - Berms
 - Washracks
 - Silt Fencing
 - Exclusion
 - Drain Inlet Protection, etc...

TENANT TRAINING ATTENDANCE



NEW RULE: NO SHOW = DEFICIENCY & INCREASED RISK RANK

Minimum Control Measures 1&2

Public Outreach & Participation



Minimum Control Measure 3

Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination (IDDE) Program

Common sources of illicit discharges include -

- Sewage inflows from leaking sewage collection and transmission lines
- Commercial carwash and laundry wastewater
- Floor washing to shop drains
- Commercial Vehicle and Equipment washwater
- Potable line flushing that runs across hardscapes
- Pumping of vaults or trenches
- Construction activities
- Liquid wastes containing oil, paint, and process water
- Waste water from manufacturing or equipment processes
- Pesticides, herbicides, and other industrial chemicals











Minimum Control Measure 3

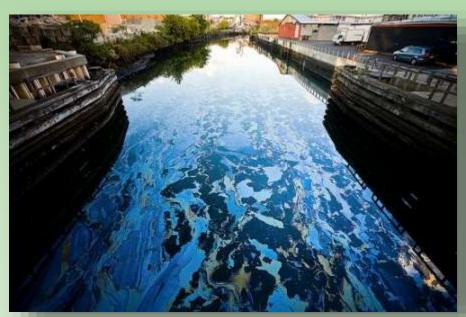


IDDE and Outfall Inspections

- Dry Weather Outfall Inspections will be performed to detect illicit discharges into outfalls.
- Dry Weather Flow indicates non-storm water discharges. Tracking these drain systems back to the source is an efficient way to detect Illicit.
- Utilize sampling, instruments, and observations to discern ground water vs potable water and presence of nutrients, toxic substances, sediments, bacteria, and general chemistry to "fingerprint" sources for abatement

proceedings.

Illicit Discharges



DISCHARGE FROM VESSEL OR ALREADY MADE IT TO WATER?

REPORT IT!!

24/7 TOWER # 587-2076

LAND BASED SOURCES?

REPORT IT!!

Harbors Work Hour Hotline

587-1962



Report These DISCHARGES!



Uncovered Outdoor Petroleum Storage



Overflowing Trash Bins



Leaking Drums or Rolloffs



Outdoor Sink Without Capture



Vehicle Washing without Capture



Building Washing without Capture

ILLICT DISCHARGE REPORTING

Compliance Hotline • (808) 587-1962 Perform Inspection All Actions Recorded in Information Stored in Database Take Database* Enforcement Action **Call into Hotline** Perform Followup Inspection **IDDE Located/Information**

Collected

*Closing the loop = compliance

Minimum Control Measure 4

CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL

Site Inspections will be held on active construction sites to ensure NPDES is being properly followed.

Inspections will focus on proper BMP Management to reduce Illicit discharges into the Harbor's storm drain system.



Minimum Control Measure 4

CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF CONTROL



Site Inspection

Inspection Report

Inspection Follow Up

TENANT
PROJECTS
INSPECTED BY
HARBORS

BUILDING AND REMODELING

- All construction (even < 1 acre) must receive formal, written approval from HDOT Harbors
 Division
- All construction over 1 acre of ground disturbance must receive NPDES permit from HDOH prior to breaking ground

Waste Management (Source Control)

Exposed Waste Management Subject to Rainfall and Birds



Unsecured / Unlocked
Dumpster — Trespassing —
Illegal Dumping

Waste Management



Secured Enclosure – Minimized Illegal Dumping. Add non-galvanized corrugated roofing to prevent rain runoff.

Secured Enclosure – Minimized Illegal Dumping. Add non-galvanized corrugated roofing to prevent rain runoff.



ZERO RUNOFF SOLUTION

Stockpiling (Source Control and Pollution Prevention)



polluted runoff.

Silt Fencing (Treatment)

fences are ineffective.



Silt Fencing



Storm Drain Inlet Protection

(Pollution Prevention)



Storm Drain Inlet Protection



Cleaning Equipment (source control)



Construction Equipment Cleaning

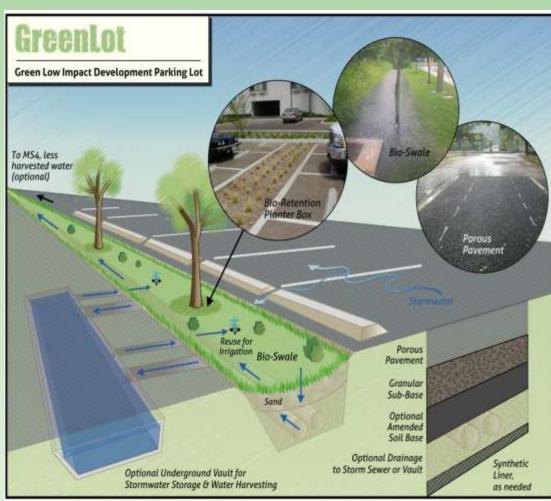


Minimum Control Measure 5

Post-Construction Design Features

Goal: Eliminate
and minimize
exposure of
pollutants to
storm water and
to capture and
infiltrate / treat.





Post-Construction Controls

Considering water quality impacts early in the design process can provide long-term water quality benefits and lower administrative environmental management costs.

- Low-Impact Development
- □ Green Design
- Site Specific/Innovative BMPs
- Infiltration
- Filtration
- □ Retention/Detention
- Isolation/Separation of Runoff from Processes

Retrofits you can use to manage your site:

Eliminating Curbs and Gutters

Green Parking

Green Roofs

Rain Barrels / Cisterns

Protection of Natural Features

Urban Forestry

Grassed Swales

Infiltration Basin/Trench

Permeable Pavement

Porous Asphalt Pavement

Vegetated Filter Strip

Dry Detention Ponds

Storm Water Wetland

Minimum Control Measure 5

LOW-IMPACT DEVELOPMENT

- \square Significant Redevelopment = 5,000 ft²
- □ Report → Change in Peak Flow

Location	Cı	Cf	i (in/hr)	A (ft ²)	Q _A (cfs)
Porous Pavement Parking Lot	0.20	0.25	2.0	90,150	29.7
Vegetated Bio-Swales Surrounding Parking Lot	0.20	0.10	2.0	12,000	-7.9
Greenroof on Adjacent Storage Warehouse	1.0	0.10	2.0	1,000	-5.9
TOTAL CHA	NGE I	N PEA	K RUNOF	F FLOW:	15.9

- □ List BMPs
 - Bio-swale
 - Rain Barrels
 - Smart Irrigation
 - Etc.



Minimum Control Measure 5

Post-Construction Structural Controls



VIDEO Presentation

Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination "A Grate Concern" Excal Visual

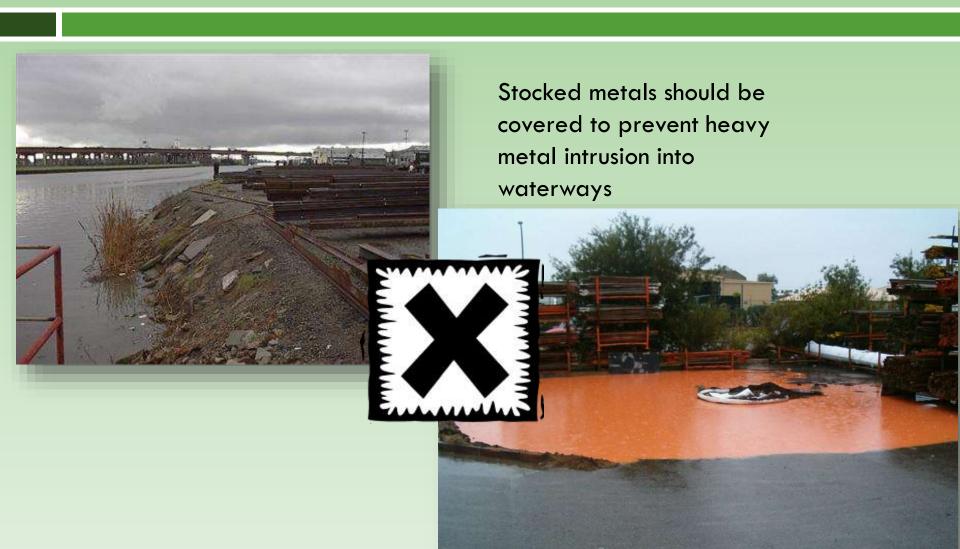


Pollution Prevention & Good Housekeeping

- Inventory of Activities and Potential Pollutants
- Proper Labeling and Handling of Cleaners,
 Solvents, and Chemicals
- Organized Chemical Storage
- Responsible Disposal of Chemicals
- Storage Procedures should include covering stored metals
- Proper site drainage should be in place
- Proper Equipment/Material Storage
- □ Timely Equipment O&M
- Site maintenance and cleaning procedures should be in place. They should address environmental considerations and they should include BMP's











Access to chemicals should be restricted to personnel trained in proper handling and disposal procedures; all must be labeled and have MSDS available

Flammable chemicals, solvents, and paints should be stored in a fireproof locker. Chemicals must be separated by combatibility

Do not overfill



Keep trash and debris from accumulating around the bin, because storm water will carry it out to the ocean

VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WASHING

- Program started Last Year
 - Two (2) permits Issued to Date



VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WASHING

- □ Formal, written approval
- □ Contain Wash Water
- □ NO Wash Water → Storm Drain
- □ Example: 3.5 GPM Spray → 7 GPM Vacuum
- □ Enough storage for job?
- Proper transport and disposal
- □ Is the rinsate staying onsite?

Vehicle and Equipment Washing (Pollution Prevention)



Vehicle and Equipment Washing (Pollution Prevention)



No grinding, painting, welding, or sand blasting

Containment and Collection is required!

Vehicle and Equipment Washing



Permitted Vehicle Wash Rack



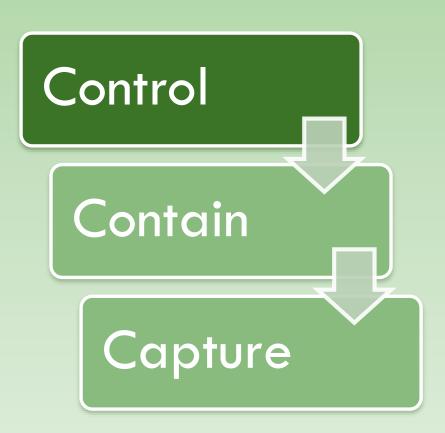




Temporary Only: Wash water and debris require off-site disposal; Minimize detergants and overspray

Spill Prevention and Response

- □ PREVENTION FIRST!!
- □ Proper Storage
 - Secondary Containment
 - Protected from equipment damage
 - Install shut-off controls, overfill protection, etc...
 - Stored away from storm drains
- Proper filling and handling procedures
 - Use drip pans
 - Use drop cloths



Spill Prevention and Response

SPILL RESPONSE

- Assess the Spill
 - What Spilled
 - How Much Spilled
 - Where did it Spill; Surface Water Impacted?
 - Toxic or Hazardous Substance?
- Stop the release
- Contain the Spill
- Clean the Spill
- Properly Dispose of Materials
- Report All Spills
 - Small Spills should be tracked internally
 - Large Spills
 - Harbors Environmental
 - Hawaii Department of Health
 - U.S. Coast Guard





Secondary Containment



Secondary Containment







Option: Add
overhead coverage
to eliminate
exposure and
reduce management
of ponded water
potentially
containing pollutants





Best Management Practices – Vehicle Pans/Pads





Best Management Practices – Spill Kit



Best Management Practices – Trench Drain





Best Management Practices – Equipment Wash Area



Best Management Practices – Covered Metal Bin





Best Management Practices – Rain Barrel



Tenant Facility Inspections

- 1 week notification
- High Priority Tenants First, then ALL TENANTS
- Inspection Checklist
- Inspection Report and Findings to be provided following Site Visits
- □ Follow-up Inspections will be scheduled if required
- SERIOUS VIOLATIONS WILL RESULT IN IMMEDIATE ACTION
 - Depending on the severity of the discharge, regulatory actions may be pursued.
 - All inspection results and actions will be added to our database.
- Risk ranking developed based on findings

FACILITY INSPECTIONS





Material Handling 18.8%



Waste Handling/Disposal 17.5%



Containerized Storage 16.5%



Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance 14.4%



Vehicle/Equipment Fueling 8.6%



Oil Storage 8.2%

DECREASING RISK CONTRIBUTOR



Enforcement History 6.6%



Vehicle/Equipment Washing 4.2%



Vessel Maintenance 2.5%



Vessel Fueling



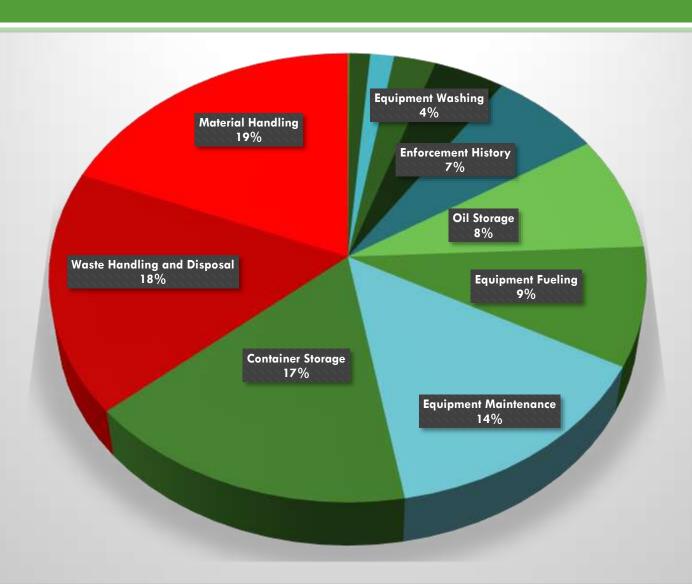
Vessel Washing



Spill History 0.1%

DECREASING RISK CONTRIBUTOR

RISK RANKING - DISTRIBUTION



MATERIAL HANDLING RISK



0 = No materials are loaded or unloaded.



 1 = All materials are loaded and unloaded entirely indoors with no to low potential for discharge of pollutants.



2 = All materials are loaded and unloaded with moderate potential for discharge of pollutants.



4 = Material loading and unloading is conducted with significant potential for discharge of pollutants.

Enforcement Actions

Regulatory Mechanisms

- Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR)
- Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS)
- Tenant Leases/Revocable Permits / Construction contracts
- 40 CFR Clean Water Act& NPDES
- Other Applicable State & Federal Regulations

Penalties for Lack of Compliance (dependant on severity of violation)

- VERBAL WARNINGS
- □ WRITTEN NOTICES
- □ Citation with Monetary Fines
- Stop Work Orders
- Abatement by Harbors Division with Reimbursement by the Responsible Party
- LEASE OR RP TERMINATION (TENANT)
- Referral to HDOH or Other
 Appropriate Regulatory Agency

Vessel s

Small Vessel General Permit - General Requirements



Minimize the potential for substances or pollutants to accidentally enter the effluent, including spills.



The discharge of antifreeze into waters subject to this permit must be minimized. For vessel engines that have been winterized, minimization can be achieved by draining antifreeze from the engine prior to startup or capturing antifreeze when discharged from the engine upon startup. The discharge of antifreeze with toxic or known carcinogenic additives, such as ethylene glycol and methanol, is prohibited.



May not contain visible garbage in the effluent.



When feasible, cleaning, maintenance, and repair jobs should be done while the vessel is out of the water or in drydock.



May not use any dispersants, cleaners, chemicals, or other materials or emulsifiers that would remove the appearance of a visible sheen.



Any soaps, detergents or cleaners used must be non-toxic, phosphate-free, and biodegradable. Phosphate-free soap contains by weight 0.5% or less of phosphates or derivatives of phosphates.



Minimize the introduction of constituents of concern or pollutants, such as foam or floating solids.



Oil, including oily mixtures, may not be discharged in quantities that may be harmful or cause a visible sheen.



Any spill of oil or other harmful chemicals that are discharged in a quantity that may be harmful or cause a visible sheen as established under 40 CFR Part 110, 40 CFR Part 117, or 40 CFR Part 302, must be reported immediately to the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. The National Response Center can also be contacted through their website at:

www.nrc.usca.mil.

FOR MORE INFORMATION...



http://cfpub.epa.gov/npdes/vessels/vgpermit.cfm



http://hawaii.gov/dot/harbors/library/storm-management-plan

STORM WATER CONTACTS

DISCHARGES ON LAND - HARBORS HOTLINE (WORK HOURS)

□ Harbors Hotline @ (808) 587-1962

DISCHARGES OVER WATER (24 HOURS / 7 DAYS A WEEK)

□ Marine Traffic Control Unit @ (808) 587-2076

SERIOUS OFFENSES

- □ Hawaii Department of Health, Clean Water Branch @ (808) 586-4309
- U.S. Coast Guard @ (800) 424-8802
- □ USEPA @ (808) 541-2721



MALAMA I KA WAI – PROTECT OUR WATER

QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS?



A single tin of paint can contaminate millions of gallons of water!

http://megi.bz/wp-content/uploads/2009/04/oil-runoff-into-storm-drain.jpg http://www.octopuscarwash.com/IMG_0014.jpg http://www.californiagreensolutions.com/images/Parker-powerwash328.jpg http://s3.images.com/huge.70.351214.JPG http://www.pneac.org/stormwater/pg-stockpiles.cfm http://www.victorystore.com/signs/property_management/images/dumping-1.gif http://www.ars.usda.gov/sp2userfiles/ad_hoc/1900000SafetyHealthandEnvironmentalTrain ing/graphics/ChemicalHumor.jpg http://urbanneighbourhood.files.wordpress.com/2009/06/greenroof3.jpg http://www.landcareresearch.co.nz/research/built/liudd/images/DSCN2718.JPG http://www.multi-clean.com/lcons/Dfe%20icon.gif http://www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au/resources/images/street_cleaner.jpg http://www.suntreetech.com/files/Images/Products/Curb-Inlet-Protector/curb%20inlet%20protector%204.jpg

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    3Dconstruction%2Bpollution%26imgsz%3Dl%26imgtbs%3Dz%26hl%3Den%26um%3D1
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